Upcoming Webinars

March 9  Honey: Safety and Use  
Shannon Coleman, assistant professor and Extension food safety specialist, Iowa State University

March 16  Let’s Not Waste Food: From Storing to Composting  
Julie Garden-Robinson, professor and Extension food and nutrition specialist, NDSU
• Please complete the short online survey that will be emailed to you after today’s webinar. It will take just a couple minutes!

• Be sure to sign up for an opportunity to win a prize in the drawing. After submitting the survey, a form to fill out with your name/address will appear.

• Acknowledgement: This project was supported by the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s (USDA) Agricultural Marketing Service through AM190100XXXG028. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the USDA.
Good Gardening Practices: Safe and Healthy Produce

Barbara Ingham, professor and Extension food safety specialist, University of Wisconsin-Madison
Foodborne Illness

48 million Americans, 1 out of every 6 individuals, get sick from a foodborne illness each year
  • 128,000 are hospitalized
  • 3,000 die as a result

The cost to the U.S. economy is $80 billion

The most vulnerable are young children, the elderly, pregnant women, and those who are immunocompromised.

Data: https://www.cdc.gov/foodsafety/index.html
Fresh Produce Links to Foodborne Illness

Figure 5a. Solved Outbreaks and Illnesses Due to Food, 2004-2013
## Trends in Produce Related Outbreaks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Frame</th>
<th>Produce Outbreaks</th>
<th>Illness</th>
<th>Hospitalizations</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004 – 2010</td>
<td>163 (27.6% multistate)</td>
<td>4949</td>
<td>895</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010-2017</td>
<td>228 (37.3% multistate)</td>
<td>4748</td>
<td>1190</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Human pathogens associated with fresh produce: Hepatitis A, Norovirus, *Cyclospora*, *Bacillus cereus*, *Campylobacter*, pathogenic *E. coli*, *Listeria*, *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Yersinia* and others

3 pathogens associated with multistate outbreaks (2010-2017):
- *E. coli* O157:H7 and other pathogenic EC
- *Listeria monocytogenes*
- *Salmonella* spp.
Produce – Pathogen Combinations

**Listeria monocytogenes**
Cantaloupe 2011
Jensen Farms
147 ill, 28 states,
33 deaths

Source: CDC, 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Produce type</th>
<th>E. coli (ST)</th>
<th>Norovirus</th>
<th>Salmonella</th>
<th>Hepatitis A</th>
<th>Cyclospora</th>
<th>Shigella</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leafy greens</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sprouts</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomato</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melons</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafy green herbs</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berries</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peppers</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fruit(s)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetables (s)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>661</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CDC Investigation: *Listeria* and packaged salad

Dec 2021/ Jan 2022
- 3 on-going outbreak investigations
- Packaged salad by Dole or Fresh Express
- 13 states, including Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin
- 17 Illnesses/13 hospitalizations
  - 2 deaths (one in Wisconsin)

Example of a product code from the Soledad, CA production facility
Microorganisms on Fresh Produce

- Soil
- Water
- Humans/Animals
- Harvest
- Processing
- Transport
- Storage

National Survey Results, 2004

800 gardeners

- Gardeners did not understand that their garden produce could be contaminated with harmful bacteria and viruses
- Chemical residues from pesticides were viewed as the biggest concern
- Many gardeners did not use best ‘composting practices’
- Gardeners thought that organically grown produce was safer than conventionally grown fruits and vegetables
- Gardeners did not consider water a source of harmful bacteria
Good Gardening Practices

Home gardeners face the same challenges as the agriculture industry, just on a smaller scale.

- Growing location
- Safe, healthy soil
- Safe water
- Preventing contamination
Growing Location

• Select a sunny garden location with well-drained soil
• Locate your garden away from animal waste storage
• Keep animals out of the garden
• Test soil for nutrients and heavy metals

☐ If a flooding event happens, contact your Extension office for information on what to do
Healthy Soil Grows Healthy Produce

• Healthy soil is rich in organic matter
• Use properly composted plant or animal waste for your garden
• Locate compost bins downhill or slightly away from the garden site; create barriers to prevent run-off into the garden
• Properly composed organic matter reaches 130°F for 5 days
Water for your Garden

Choose safe water sources. Acceptable water sources may be:

- City water
- Well water
- Rain water

If possible, chose potable water for watering late season crops or rinsing harvested produce.
Hand Washing

Wash hands before…..

• Harvesting and after touching pets or farm animals or using the restroom. Scrub in, scrub out!

Steps to clean hands:

• Wet hands with clean water and apply soap.
• Scrub well for 20 seconds.
• Rinse with clean water.
• Dry with a paper towel.

□ Use hand sanitizer when soap and water aren’t available.
Cleaning and Sanitizing

• Tools used in the garden should be clean, free from excess soil
• Containers used for harvesting should be clean; sanitize when possible
• Sanitizing steps:
  • Clean with soap and water
  • Rinse with clean water
  • Dip in a dilute bleach solution
  • Let stand for 30 seconds
  • Allow to air dry or wipe with paper towels

Dilute bleach solution:
1 Tablespoon regular bleach per gallon of water
2 ½ teaspoons concentrated bleach per gallon
Animal Control

Animals can cause damage to crops and be a source of contamination

Try to prevent animal access to the garden
• Keep weeds under control
• Place garden in an open, sunny location
• Add barriers such as fences
Harvest to Maintain Quality and Safety

• Avoid harvesting after a heavy rain
• Using clean hands and clean tools, harvest directly into clean containers
• Rinse in clean water to remove soil, if desired. Allow to dry!
• Sort as you go, composting rotting, diseased, or heavily damaged items
• Time the harvest to maximize quality
  • Avoid the heat of the day, whenever possible
• Sort produce by type for ease of storage
Tips for Produce Storage

• Rinse before storage only if necessary to remove field soil
• Sort and trim, if necessary, before storage
• Avoid storing damp or wet items
• Store at a temperature and humidity level for maximum quality
• All cut produce should be refrigerated

Temperature and Humidity are key!
Respiration, Ethylene

Fruits and vegetables actively respire as they grow and this continues after harvest: using oxygen and sugar, emitting CO\(_2\), water vapor, and heat

- Temperature is important to control respiration
  - Warmer temperature = higher respiration rates

- Some fruits release a burst of gas, ethylene, toward the end of maturation/ripening (climacteric)
  - Ethylene is a hormone and will accelerate ripening
  - Climacteric fruits: tomatoes, avocados, apples, pears, peaches, kiwi, bananas, melons
  - All fruits and vegetables will respond to ethylene to some degree (generally by spoiling more rapidly)

- Packing and/or storage location can be important
Chill Injury

How low (temperature) can you go?

• Sometimes chill injury happens in the garden (early frost)

• Chill injury may happen on storage
  • Peppers, sweet potatoes, cucumbers, eggplant, tomatoes, asparagus, green beans
  • Bananas, melons

Respiration  Chill Injury  Balance

• Symptoms of chill injury: pitting and softening, loss of flavor, failure to ripen
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage Location</th>
<th>Vegetables</th>
<th>Fruits and Melons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Store in refrigerator</td>
<td>artichokes, asparagus, beets</td>
<td>apples, apricots,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Belgian endive, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, cut vegetables, green beans</td>
<td>figs, grapes, Asian pears, blackberries, blueberries, cherries, cut fruits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>green onions, herbs, leafy vegetables, leeks, lettuce, lima beans, peas, radishes, spinach, sprouts, summer squashes, sweet corn</td>
<td>pears, plums, plumcots</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripen and then store in the refrigerator</td>
<td>avocados, kiwifruit, nectarines, peaches</td>
<td>muskmelons, oranges, papayas, persimmons, pineapples, plantain, pomegranates, watermelons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Store at room temperature</td>
<td>cucumbers, eggplant, ginger, jicama, peppers, pumpkins, tomatoes, winter squashes</td>
<td>apples, bananas, grapefruit, lemons, limes, mandarins, mangoes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Storage for Safety & Quality

- Do not wash (rinse) produce prior to storage
- Package to maintain moisture and quality
- Refrigerate all cut, peeled, or trimmed fruits and vegetables
- Rinse in clean water prior to eating or preparing*

*A rinse with water can not be counted on to ensure safe produce
Questions

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