

Nondiscrimination Statement

NDSU does not discriminate in its programs and activities on the basis of age, color, gender expression/identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, participation in lawful off-campus activity, physical or mental disability, pregnancy, public assistance status, race,

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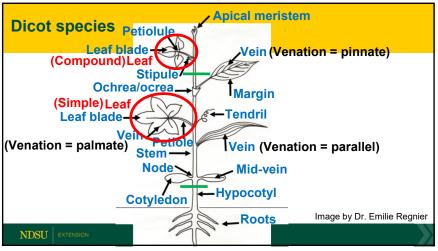
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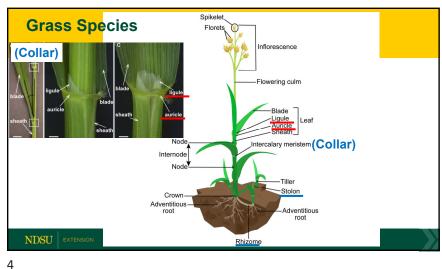
religion, sex, sexual orientation, spousal relationship to current employee, or veteran status, as applicable. Direct inquiries to Vice Provost, Title IX/ADA Coordinator, Old Main 201, (701) 231-7708, ndsu.eoaa@ndsu.edu.

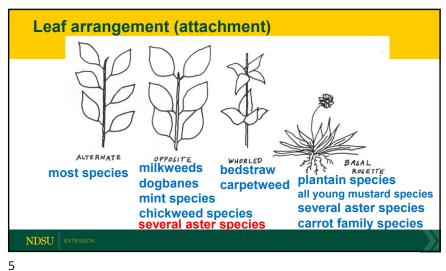
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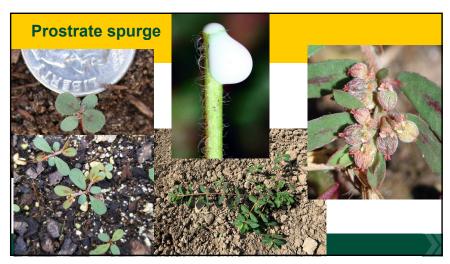
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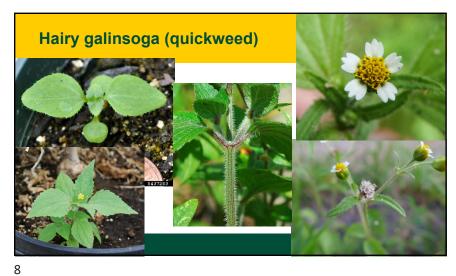


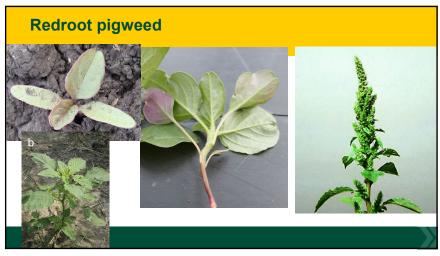


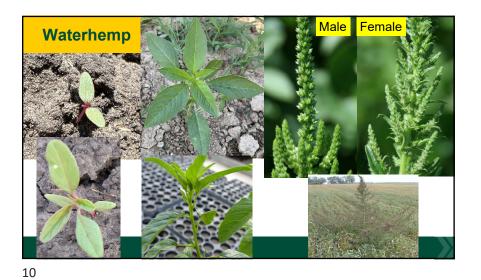


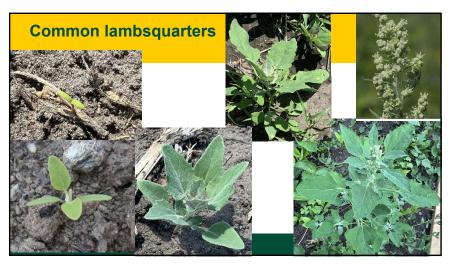










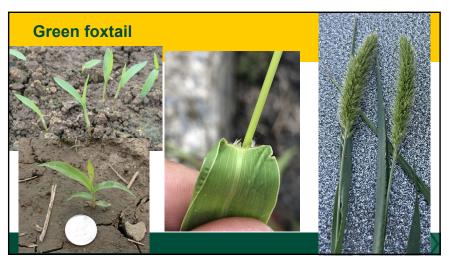




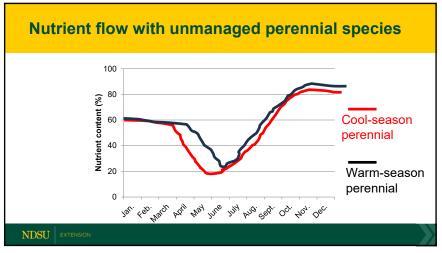
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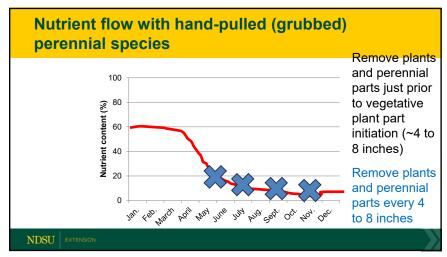












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When to apply glyphosate to perennial species

- I. Bud to early flower stage
- II. Fall
 - A. Minimum plant height 4 to 12 inches
 - B. Timing
 - i. Before frost/droppage of leaves for warm-season perennial
 - ii. After frost for cool-season perennial
 - C. Glyphosate rate = 2 to 4% v/v (2.6 to 5.0 fl oz/gallon of total spray).
 - D. Add spray grade ammonium sulfate (17 lbs/100 gallon) spray volume

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biennial species

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I. Fall
A. After frost
B. Glyphosate rate = 2 to 3% v/v (2.6 to 3.8 fl oz/gallon of total spray).
C. Add spray grade ammonium sulfate at 17 lbs/100 gallon of spray

When to apply glyphosate to winter annual and

Summer annual weed management

- I. Hand-pulling best for soil
 - A. Place board on soil to reduce compaction
- II. Tillage
 - A. Prefer garden weasel
 - i. Use as first seedling emerges and every 5-7 days
 - B. Till in the dark since most seeds need light to germinate
 - i. Problem = mosquitoes
 - ii. Need night vision goggles (\$25)
 - iii. Streetlights can be enough light to initiate germination
 - C. Constant tillage destroys soil structure

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