

# **2026 Weed Control Update**

**Brian Jenks**

**North Dakota State University**

# Waterhemp in western North Dakota

## Counties:

Ward

McHenry

Sheridan

Pierce

Wells



Left: Female waterhemp

Right: Male waterhemp

# Waterhemp in Sheridan County



# Waterhemp in Ward County

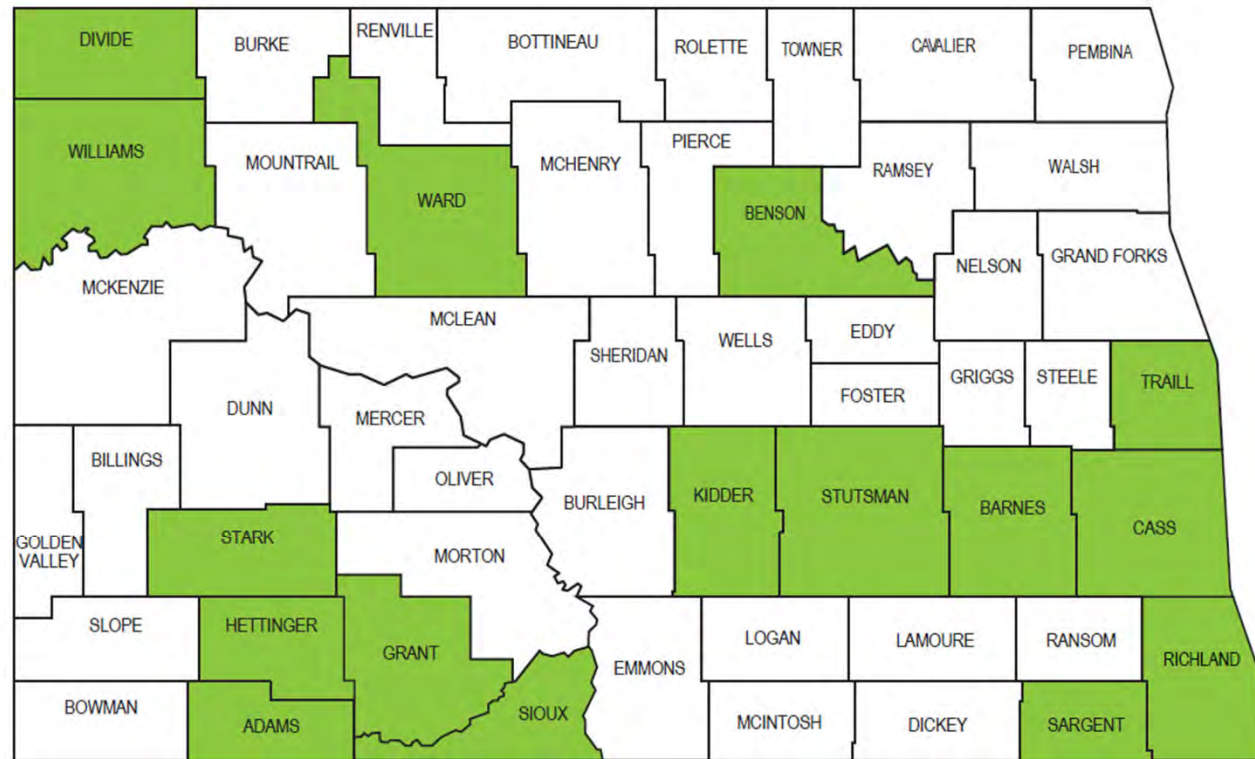


Pigweed species	Stem	Leaves
Redroot pigweed	Very hairy	Dull green leaves, hairy
Powell amaranth	Sparse hairs on the main stem, more hairy near seed head	Dark green leaves, sparse hair
Waterhemp	Smooth, generally no hair	Narrow, shiny leaves



Powell and Redroot pictures: Cornell University

# North Dakota Department of Agriculture Palmer Amaranth Distribution



■ Previously detected, under management and ongoing monitoring

As of 10/29/25

# **We anticipate a Dicamba label in soybeans in 2026!**

- **Dicamba is needed to take pressure off Liberty**
- **Dicamba should be used primarily PRE or early POST**

## What not to do....

Year	Crop	Herbicide
2025	Soybean	Liberty 2X
2026	Canola	Liberty 2X
2027	Wheat	Starane
2028	Soybean	Liberty 2X

Try to use a crop sequence where you use Liberty once in 3 or 4 years.

## Crop rotation scenarios

Year	Crop	Herbicide	Group
2025	Wheat	Starane + Bromoxynil + 2,4-D	4 + 6
2026	LL Canola	Sonalan Liberty	3 10
2027	Wheat	Huskie FX	27 + 6 + 4
2028	LL Soybean	Spartan + Metribuzin Flexstar/UB/Basagran	14 + 5 14/14/6

**\*Help growers be profitable, but help them preserve the chemistries we have.**

## **How do we properly steward Liberty in Canola?**

- **Warm temps, higher humidity, sunny**
- **Medium droplets**
- **15-20 gpa**
- **3 lb AMS**
- **Small weeds (1-3 inches)**
- **Use for POST application, avoid using PRE**
- **Preplant: Use Gramoxone**
- **Beware: Some generic formulations are NOT equivalent and provide inferior weed control.**
- **Consider Treflan, Sonalan**
- **Have a strong weed control program the previous year**

**Should we tank mix Gramoxone and Roundup?**

**Yes or No?**

## Should we tank mix Gramoxone and Roundup?

Herbicide	Control (%)
Paraquat	53
Glyphosate	99
Glyphosate + Paraquat	58
Glyphosate fb Paraquat	99
LSD (0.05)	14

Different paraquat combinations were applied to 4-inch tall large crabgrass in Kingman County in 2017 (Table 1). Treatments were visually evaluated 3 weeks after application. Paraquat alone provided poor control of the large crabgrass while glyphosate alone provided excellent control. These types of responses are what we would expect from paraquat and glyphosate. An antagonistic response (58% control) was observed when glyphosate was combined with paraquat. To contrast, when glyphosate and paraquat were split-applied with the glyphosate applied 24 hours in advance of the paraquat, excellent control was observed. While the exact mechanism is unknown, it is likely due to a chemical or physiological incompatibility between paraquat and glyphosate. Table 1 adapted from Hay and Peterson, 2018.

[https://eupdate.agronomy.ksu.edu/article\\_new/controlling-tall-thick-stands-of-weeds-in-wheat-stubble-293](https://eupdate.agronomy.ksu.edu/article_new/controlling-tall-thick-stands-of-weeds-in-wheat-stubble-293)

Hay MM and DE Peterson (2018). Interactions of tank-mix partners with paraquat for enhanced grass control. Weed Science Society of America Annual Meeting. *In Proceedings* 58:158.

# Dandelion control

Sprayed: June 26  
Pictures: July 22



**Applied May 12**

**Roundup\***



**Gramoxone**



**RUP + Gramoxone**



**Common lambsquarters control 25 DAT**

# **Effect of drought conditions on weed control**

Reduced control of kochia with Liberty when sprayed under drought conditions, high temps, and low humidity.



Reduced control of kochia with Gramoxone when sprayed in drought conditions, high temps, and low humidity.



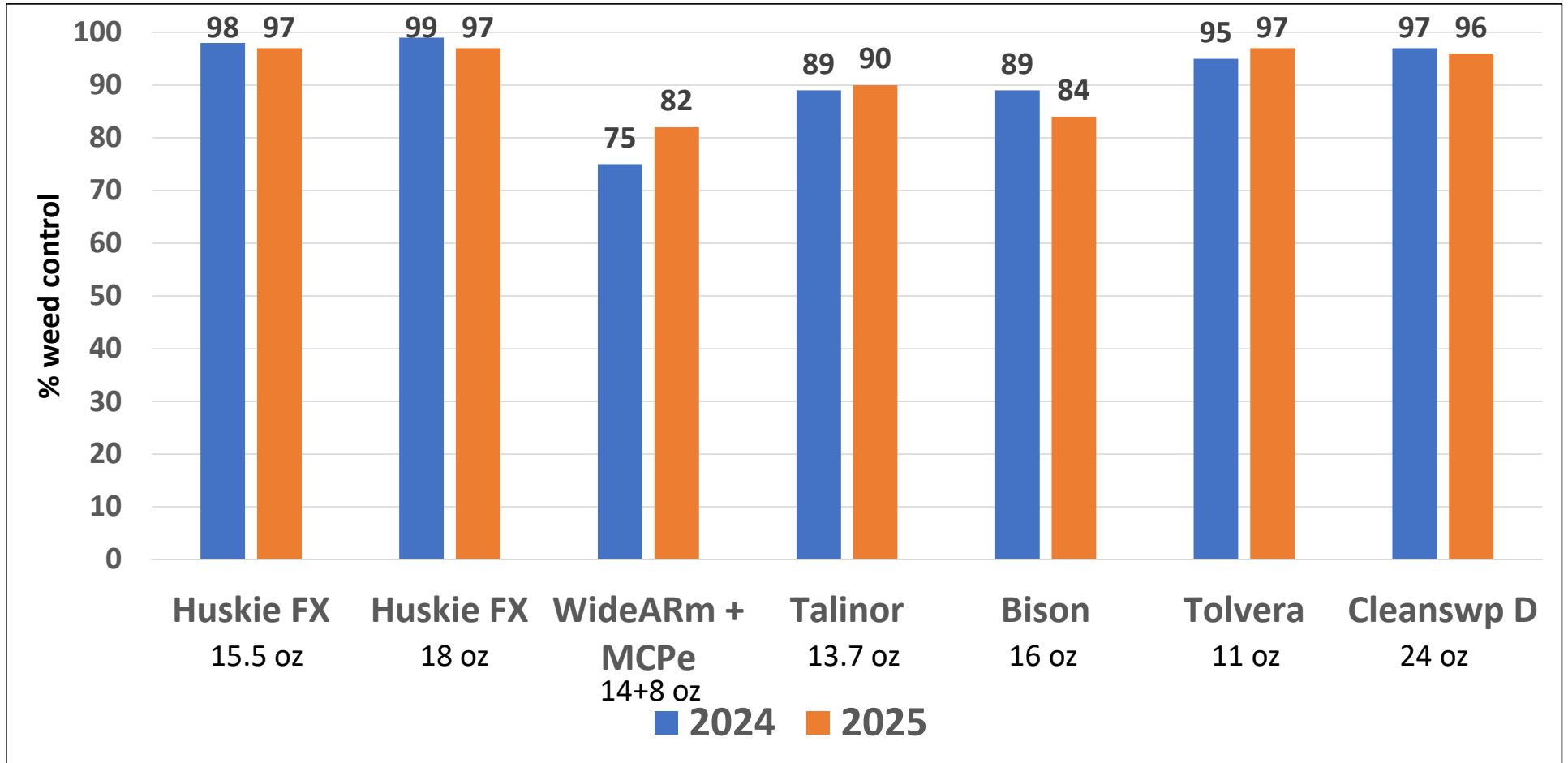
Liberty sprayed in high heat and low humidity versus sprayed at moderate heat with normal humidity.

**Liberty performed much better when plants were not drought-stressed.**



# **Kochia control in spring wheat**

# Kochia control in spring wheat



\*Late July evaluation. Kochia generally < 3" at application.

## Crop Rotation Interval Following Tolvera

Crop	Rotation Interval (months)
Corn, Wheat, Barley	0
Oat, Triticale, Rye	3
Alfalfa, Camelina, Canola, Chickpea, Dry bean, Flax, Lentil, Millet, Dry Pea, Safflower, Sorghum, Soybean, Sunflower	9
Potatoes (>8" in following 9 mo)*	9/15*
Other crops not listed	15
Sugar beet	18

# Weed control with fall-applied Anthem Flex and Zidua

**Anthem Flex = Pyroxasulfone + Aim**

**Zidua = Pyroxasulfone**

<u>Zidua</u>	<u>Anthem Flex</u>
<b>2.7 oz</b>	<b>3 oz</b>
<b>3.6 oz</b>	<b>4 oz</b>
<b>4 oz*</b>	<b>4.5*</b>

**Why fall applications?**

# Weed control with fall-applied Anthem Flex or Zidua

## Suppression to Good Control

Kochia

Wild oat

Bromes

## Suppression

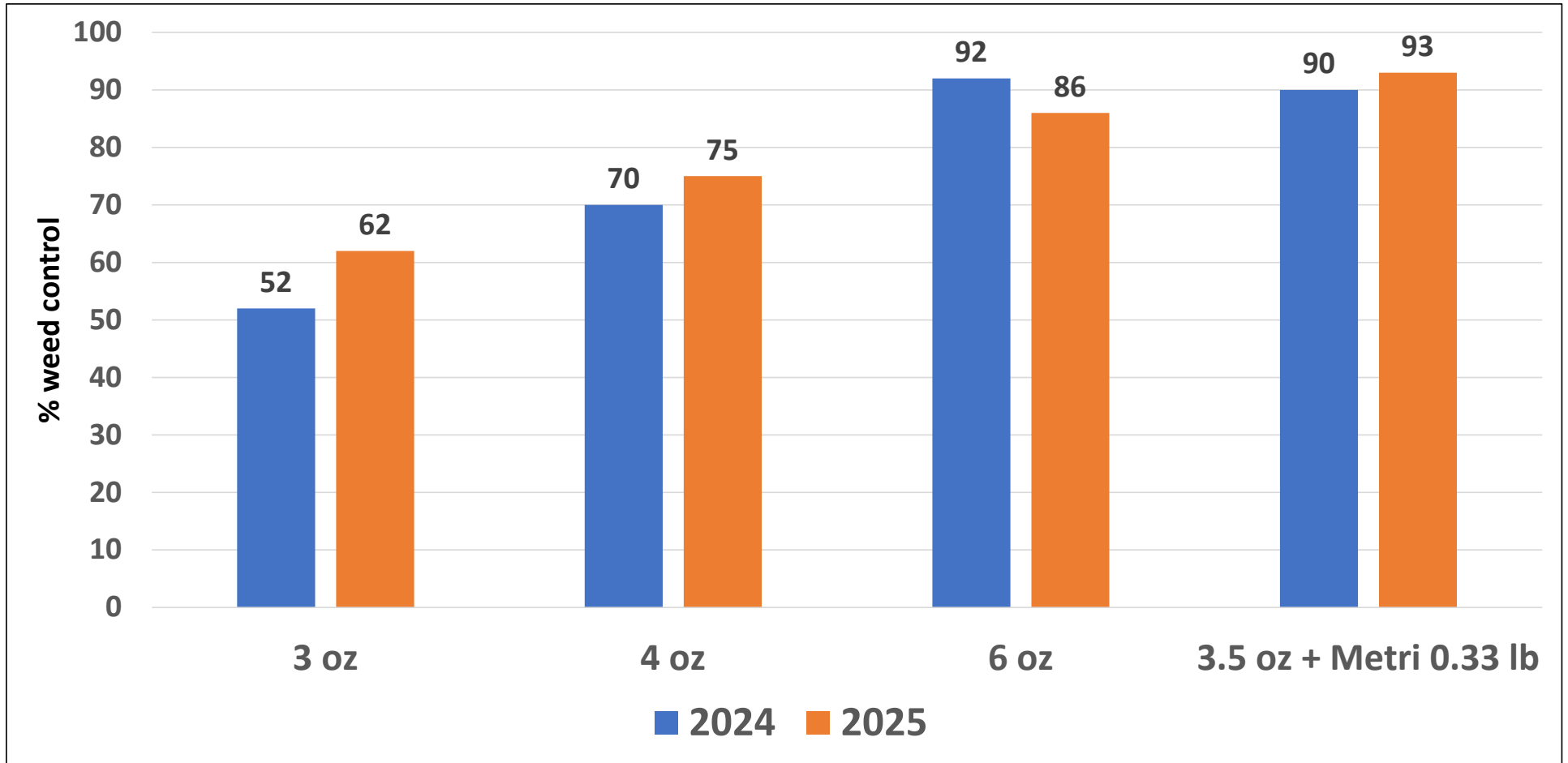
Green foxtail

Wild buckwheat

Prickly lettuce

Lambsquarters

# Kochia control with fall-applied Anthem Flex



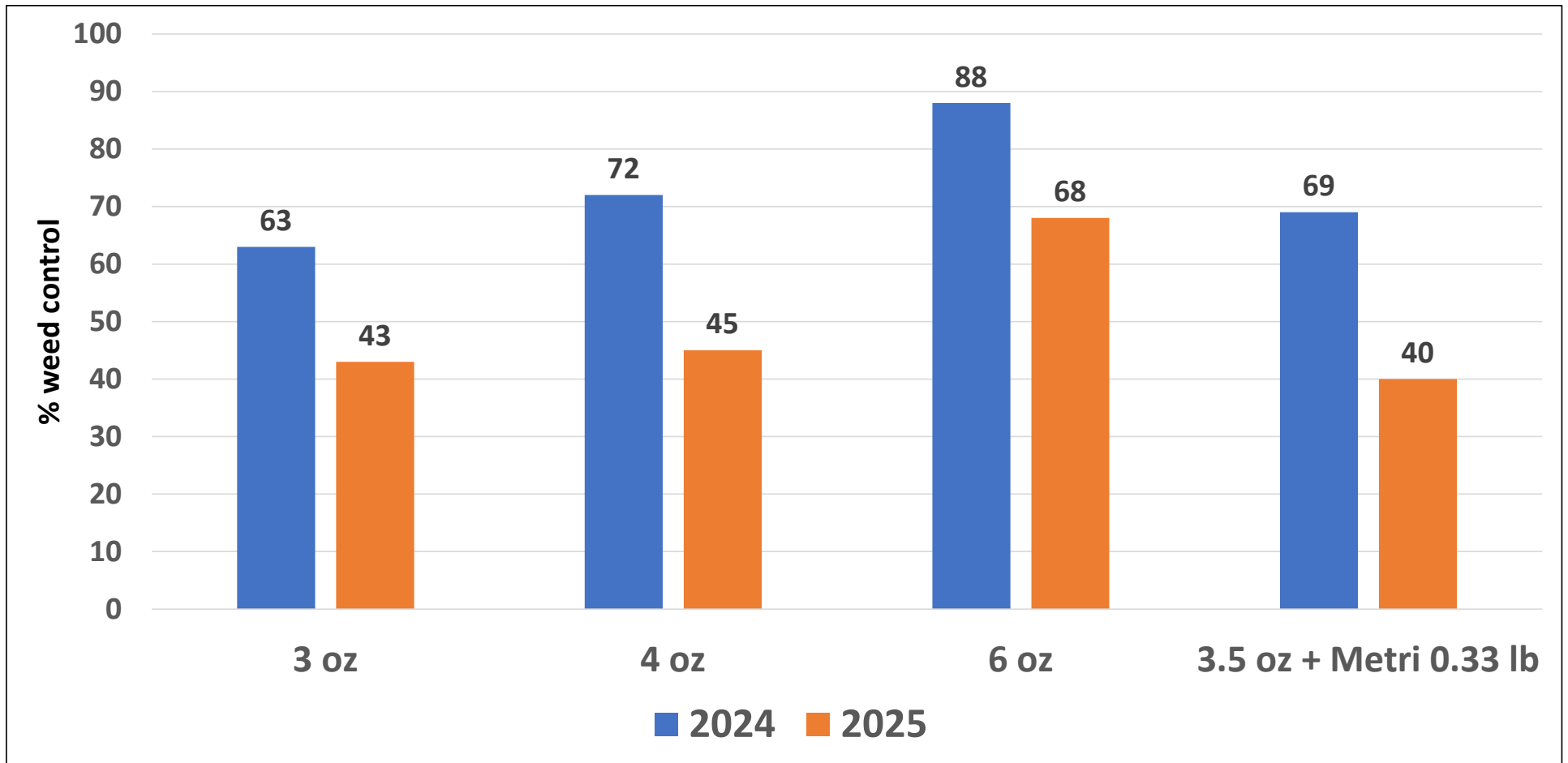
\*Treatments applied Oct 16, 2023. Evaluation June 27, 2024.

\*Treatments applied Oct 18, 2024. Evaluation June 15, 2025

**Anthem Flex = Zidua + Aim**

Minot

# Green foxtail control with fall-applied Anthem Flex



\*Treatments applied Oct 16, 2023. Evaluation June 27, 2024.

\*Treatments applied Oct 18, 2024. Evaluation June 15, 2025.

**Anthem Flex = Zidua + Aim**

Minot

## Wild oat resistance testing (% resistant)

Herbicide	Group	2016-2020	2021-2024
Puma	1	75	84
Axial XL	1	39	45
Everest	2	71	85
GoldSky	2	71	69
Varro	2	85	90
Raptor	2	52	60
Assure II	1	72	69
Select	1	9	17
		n=208	n=174

\*Samples not randomly collected

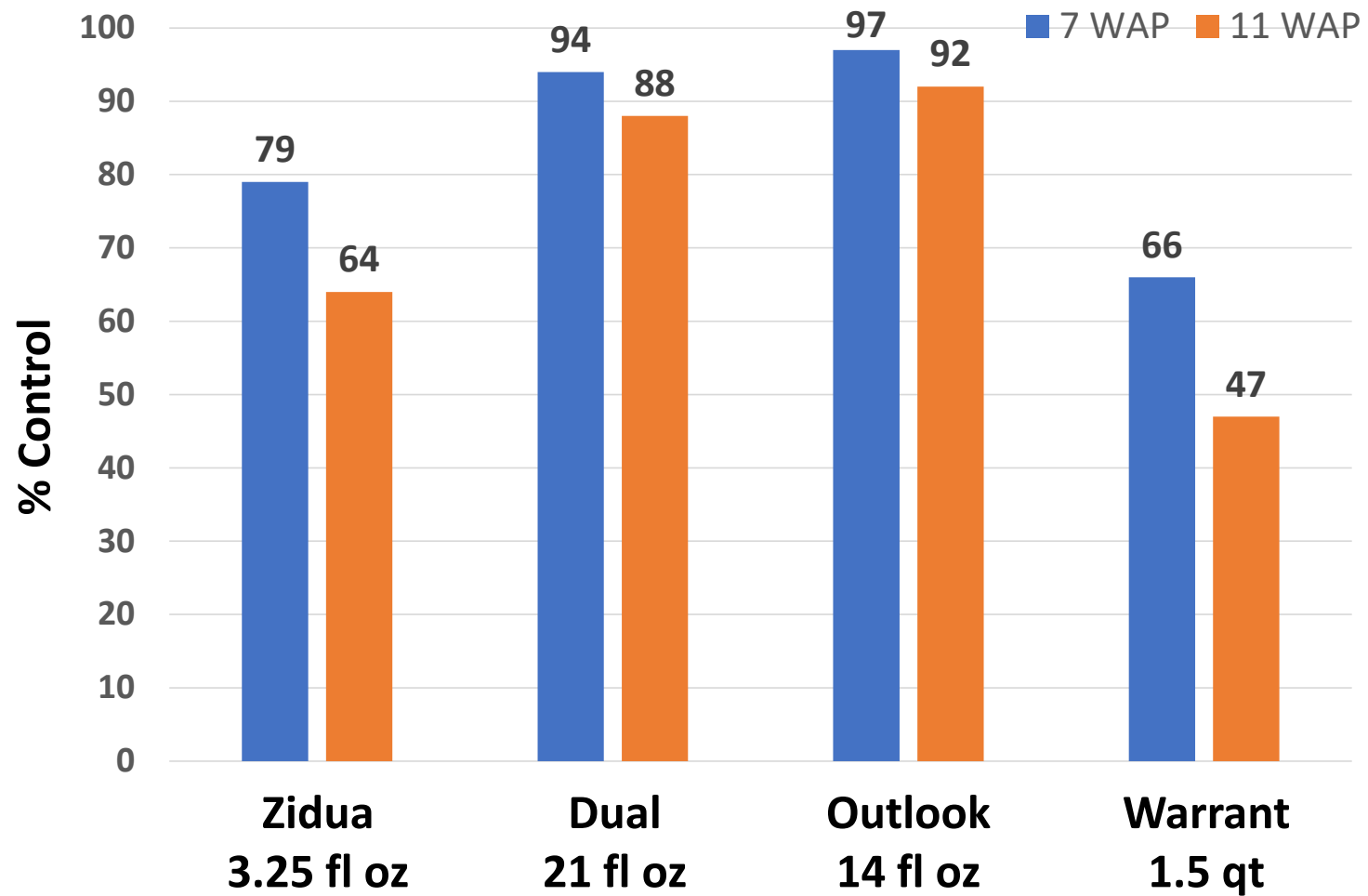
Table 2. Wild oat resistance to postemergence herbicides in 2022. Random plants were seed collected from random state-wide roadside survey. Targeted plants were seed collected from suspected resistant plants.

Herbicide	Random	Targeted
	Wild oat (n=98)	Wild oat (n=48)
	% resistant	% resistant
Puma <sup>1</sup>	40	92
Axial <sup>1a</sup>	10	73
Everest <sup>2</sup>	27	96
pyroxsulam <sup>2b</sup>	23	94
Varro <sup>2</sup>	21	100
Beyond Xtra <sup>2</sup>	17	88
Assure II <sup>1</sup>	30	88
Select <sup>1</sup>	4	33

<sup>a</sup>Random samples were treated with Axial Bold, Targeted samples were treated with Axial XL.

<sup>b</sup>Random samples were treated with PerfectMatch, Targeted samples were treated with GoldSky.

# Green Foxtail Control – Minot 2024



## **Lentil tolerance to Tough and Metribuzin plus adjuvants**

## Metribuzin Conversion Chart

					Glory 4L	Metricor 4F
				Dimetric	Metribuzin 4L	Tricor 4F
Metribuzin	Metribuzin	75DF	75DF	3 lb ai/gal	3.8 lb ai/gal	4 lb ai/gal
lb ai	g ai/ha	oz pr	lb pr	fl oz	fl oz	fl oz
0.07	78	1.5	0.093	3.0	2.36	2.2
<b>0.094</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.125</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>3.17</b>	<b>3.0</b>
0.125	140	2.7	0.167	5.3	4.21	4.0
0.141	158	3.0	0.188	6.0	4.75	4.5
<b>0.188</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>6.32</b>	<b>6.0</b>
0.25	280	5.3	0.33	10.7	8.42	8.0

# Study 2529 Rep 3

PRE: May 13  
POST 2": June 4  
POST 4": Not  
sprayed yet\*

Photos: June 13

Tough 10 fl oz

Metri 75DF 2 oz  
Select 2EC 6 fl oz



Tough + Met + NIS\*



Prowl + Sharpen + AMS + MSO



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



T + Met + Select + COC\*



Tough + NIS\*



Untreated



Tough + Met + NIS

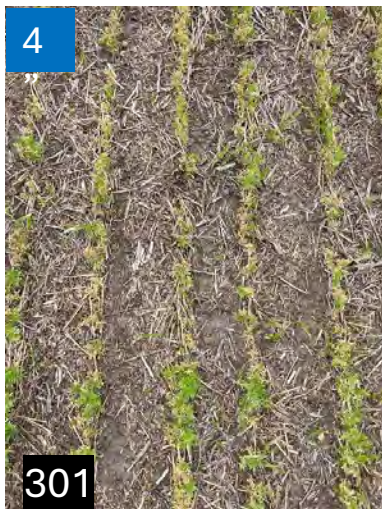
# Study 2529 Rep 3

PRE: May 13  
POST 2": June 4  
POST 4": June 14

Photos: June 20

Tough 10 fl oz  
Metri 75DF 2 oz  
Select 2EC 6 fl oz

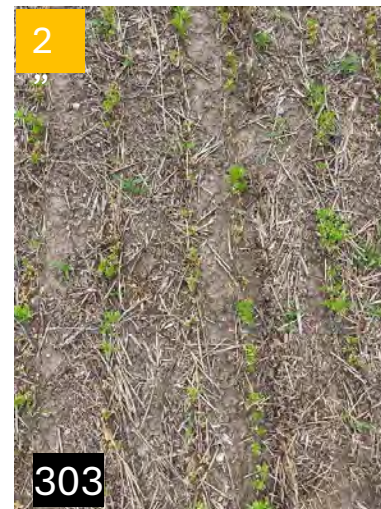
May 22 to July 6:  
0.75" rain



Tough + Met + NIS



Prowl + Sharpen + AMS + MSO



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



Untreated



Tough + Met + NIS

# Study 2529 Rep 3

PRE: May 13  
POST 2": June 4  
POST 4": June 14

Photos: June 26

Tough 10 fl oz  
Metri 75DF 2 oz  
Select 2EC 6 fl oz

May 22 to July 6:  
0.75" rain



Tough + Met + NIS



Prowl + Sharpen + AMS + MSO



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



Untreated



Tough + Met + NIS

# Study 2529 Rep 3

PRE: May 13  
POST 2": June 4  
POST 4": June 14

Photos: July 2

Tough 10 fl oz  
Metri 75DF 2 oz  
Select 2EC 6 fl oz

May 22 to July 6:  
0.75" rain



Tough + Met + NIS



Prowl + Sharpen + AMS + MSO



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



Untreated



Tough + Met + NIS

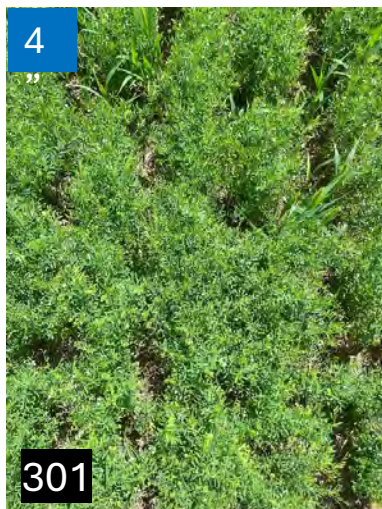
# Study 2529 Rep 3

PRE: May 13  
POST 2": June 4  
POST 4": June 14

Photos: July 18

Tough 10 fl oz  
Metri 75DF 2 oz  
Select 2EC 6 fl oz

May 22 to July 6:  
0.75" rain



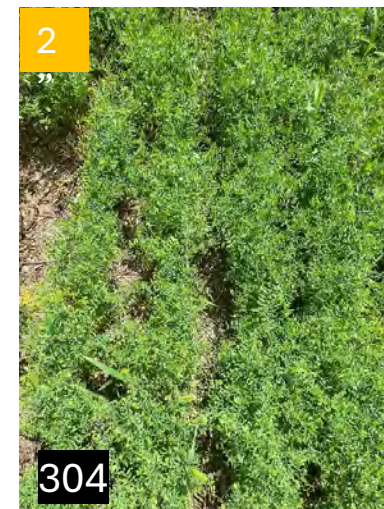
Tough + Met + NIS



Prowl + Sharpen + AMS + MSO



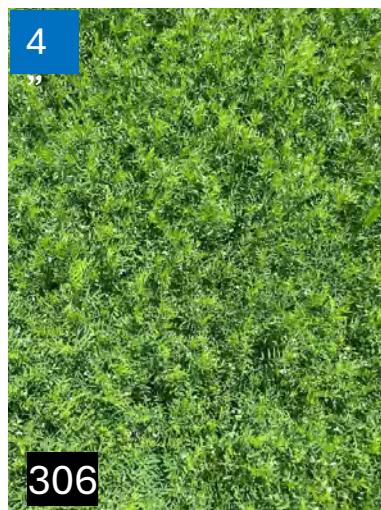
T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS



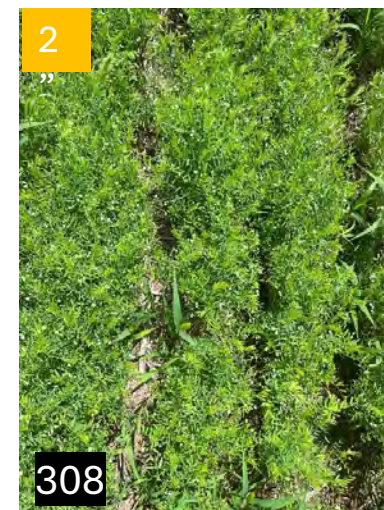
T + Met + Select + COC



Tough + NIS

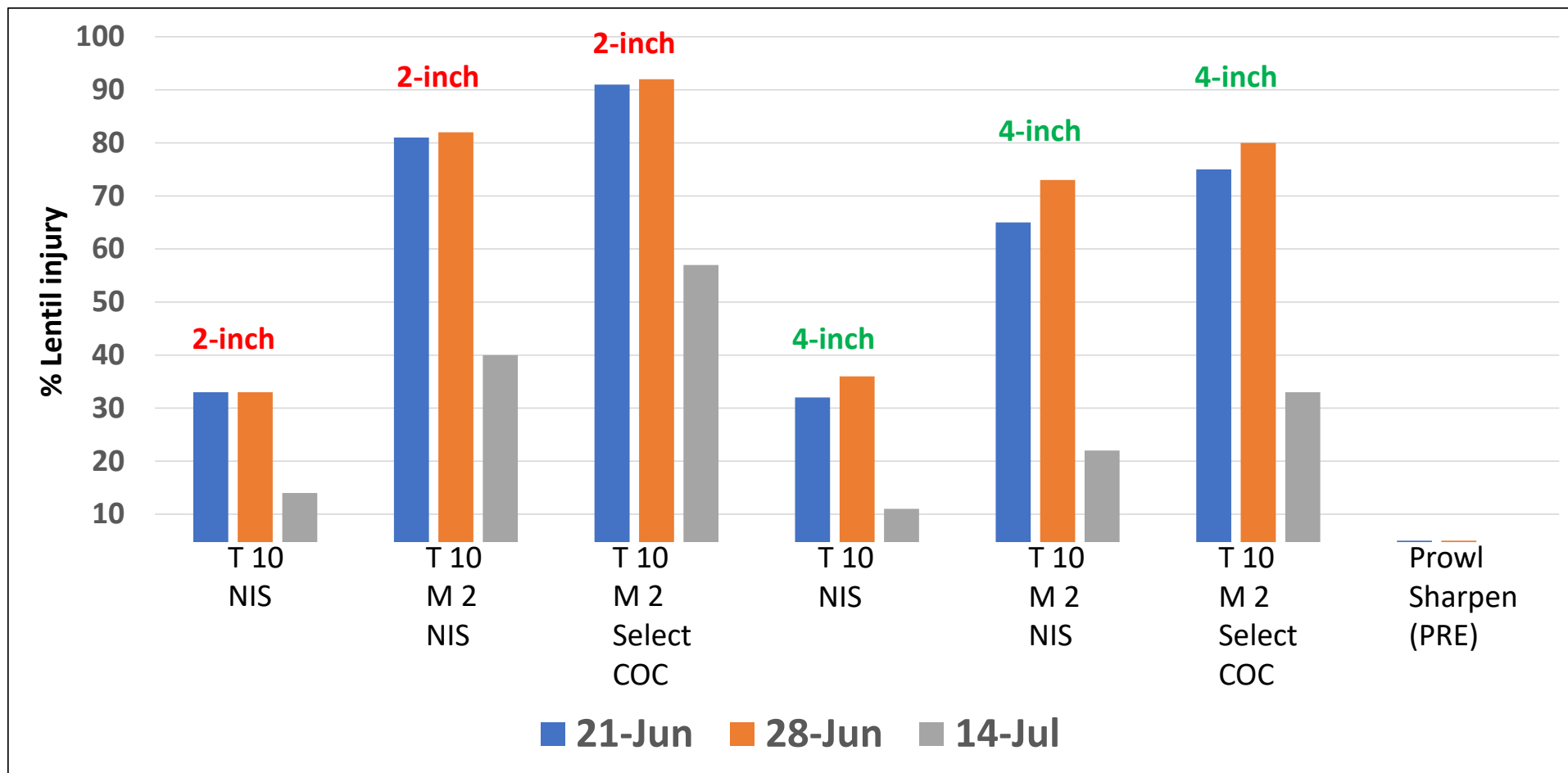


Untreated



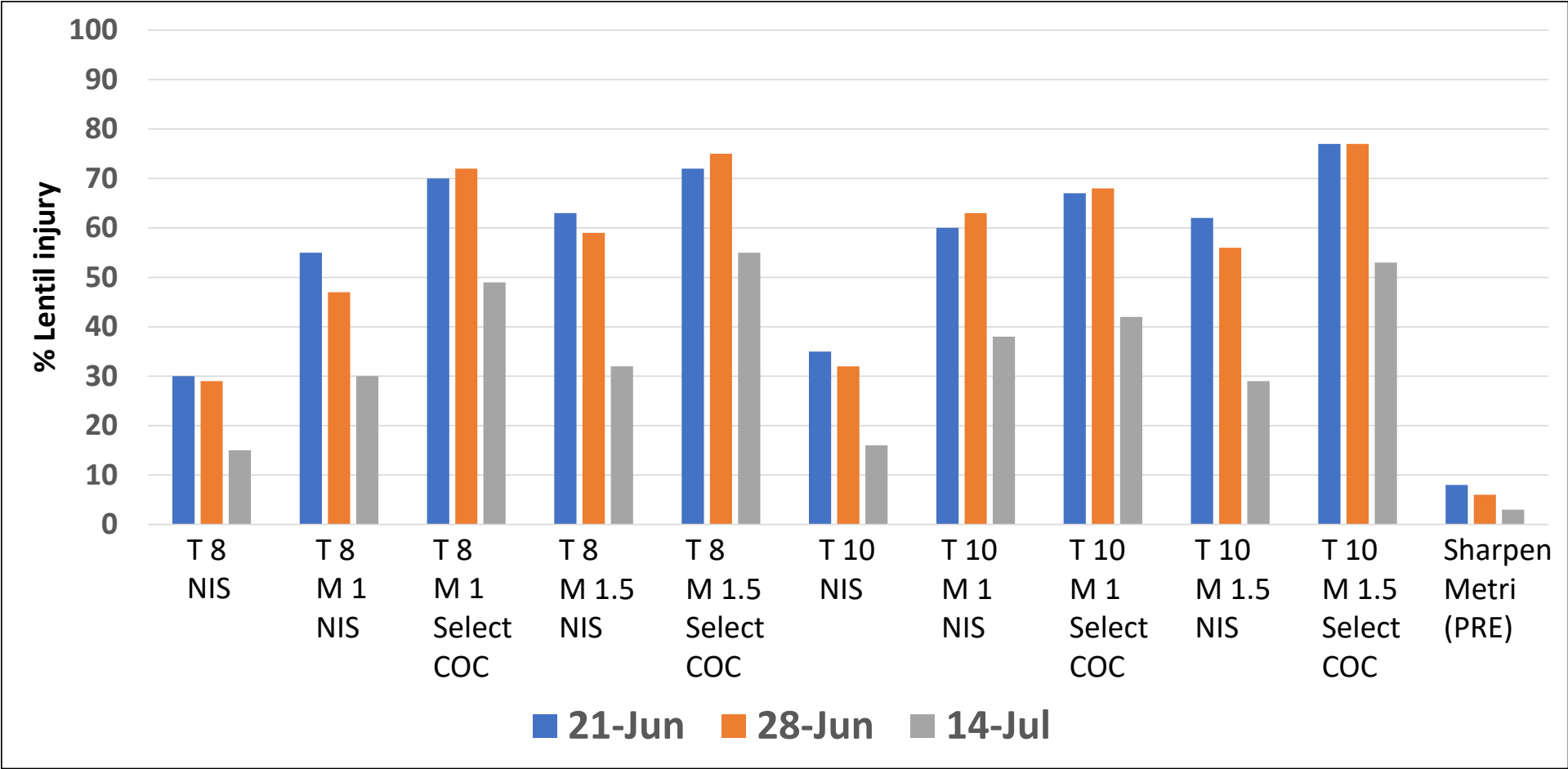
Tough + Met + NIS

## Lentil tolerance to Tough and Metribuzin plus adjuvants applied to 2- and 4-inch lentil



\*Lentil planted and PRE treatment applied May 13. POST treatments applied to 2-inch lentil on June 4 and 4-inch lentil on June 14. Tough rate in fl oz, Metribuzin 75DF rate in dry oz.

# Lentil tolerance to postemergence Tough and Metribuzin rates and adjuvants



\*Lentils planted and PRE treatment applied May 13. POST treatments applied June 14 to 3-4" lentils.

2511 \*\*Tough rate in fl oz, Metribuzin 75DF rate in dry oz.

Minot 2025