

**Instructions.** Answer **any 4 short questions, and any 4 long questions.** Clearly mark which questions you wish to be graded on this sheet, or else 1-4 and 6-9 will be graded. Show all work, and explain your answers clearly. Solutions will be graded on correctness and clarity. All answers should include some explanation.

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**Shorter questions:** (5 points each)

1. How many monomials of degree 7 are there in the variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4,$  and  $x_5$ ?
  2. How many multisets are contained within the multiset  $\{A, A, A, B, B, C, D, E, F\}$ ?
  3. How many distinct permutations are there on  $[10]$  that have exactly two cycles when written in cycle notation?
  4. How many ways can 6 days be picked from January (which has 31 days) so that no two picked days are consecutive?
  5. Label the vertices of a hexagon with 1 through 6. How many ways can the hexagon be triangulated? Your answer should be a single number.
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**Longer questions:** (10 points each)

6. How many lattice paths from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(n, n)$  stay weakly above the line  $y = x - 1$ ? Derive your answer from scratch.
7. Give a combinatorial proof of the following identity:

$$\binom{n+3}{5} = \sum_{k=2}^n \binom{k}{2} \binom{n+2-k}{2}$$

8. Consider a set  $S$  of objects, and a list of properties  $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_t$ .
  - Let  $S_1 = \sum_i N(c_i), S_2 = \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq t} N(c_i c_j)$ , and so on (where  $N(c_2 c_3)$  is the number of elements in  $S$  satisfying  $c_2$  and  $c_3$ , for example).
  - Let  $E_m$  be the number of elements in  $S$  that satisfy exactly  $m$  of the properties in  $S$ .

Prove the following identity holds for each  $m$  between 1 and  $t$ :

$$E_m = \sum_{j=m}^t (-1)^{j-m} \binom{j}{m} S_j$$

The following identity may be useful:  $\binom{j}{m} \binom{\ell}{j} = \binom{\ell}{m} \binom{\ell-m}{j-m}$ .

9. Use generating functions to prove that the number of partitions of  $n$  into distinct parts is equal to the number of partitions of  $n$  into odd parts. In your proof, it should be clear how your generating functions were derived.
10. How many partitions have a Young diagram that fits into a  $6 \times 6$  square and a first part that is at least 5?