1. $(32 \mathrm{pt})$ Evaluate the following limits:
a) $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \cos \left(\frac{x+\sin (2 x)}{x^{2}}\right)$
b) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0}(1+f(x))^{\frac{1}{g(x)}}$, where $f^{\prime}(x), g^{\prime}(x)$ are continuous and $f(0)=g(0)=0$ and $g^{\prime}(x) \neq 0$.
c) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \ln \left(\sqrt{\frac{x^{3}-2 x+1}{x^{4}+x^{3}-2}}\right)$
d) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{x^{2}}-1-x^{2}}{x^{4}}$
2. (16 pt) Sketch the graph of $f(x)=\ln \left(\left|\frac{x}{x+1}\right|\right)$. The first two derivatives of this function are $f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{1}{x(x+1)}$ and $f^{\prime \prime}(x)=-\frac{2 x+1}{x^{2}(x+1)^{2}}$.
3. (20 pt) Sketch the graph of $f(x)=\left(x^{2}-1\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$. The first two derivatives of this function are $f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{4 x}{3\left(x^{2}-1\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ and $f^{\prime \prime}(x)=\frac{4\left(x^{2}-3\right)}{9\left(x^{2}-1\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$.
4. In a very tall gallery you want to hang a mural that is $h$ feet tall with the bottom of the mural $a>0$ feet above eye level.
a) (16 pt) Find the distance that you should stand from the mural to maximize your view of the mural.
b) ( 4 pt ) If the mural is 21 feet tall and people are going to observe from a carpet 10 feet from the wall, how high above eye level should the bottom of the mural be?
5. (16 pt) A tank is to be constructed of some fixed volume $V$. The tank is built by placing two hemispheres of radius $R$ at each end of a cylinder of height $h$ and radius $R$. If the cost of making the hemispherical ends is twice as much as the cost of making the cylinder (per unit area), find the ratio of $h$ to $R$ that minimizes the cost of the tank.
6. (6 pt) Suppose that the functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ both have horizontal asymptotes $y=a$ and $y=b$ respectively (towards positive infinity). Explain why the functions $f(x)+g(x)$ and $f(x) g(x)$ both have horizontal asymptotes (and find them). Is the same true for slant asymptotes? Explain why or give a counterexample.
