

MATH 720
FALL 2003
HOMEWORK 3

Due Monday September 29, 2003.

1. (5 pt) Suppose that G and H are groups and $f : G \rightarrow H$ and $g : H \rightarrow G$ are 1-1 group homomorphisms. Does it follow that $G \cong H$? Prove or give a counterexample.
2. We define the following generalizations of S_n , namely $S_\infty = \{f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \mid f \text{ is bijective}\}$ and $\bar{S} = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n$.
 - a) (5 pt) Show that both S_∞ and \bar{S} are groups.
 - b) (5 pt) Show that $\bar{S} \subseteq S_\infty$.
 - c) (5 pt) Show that \bar{S} and S_∞ are not isomorphic.
3. Show that S_n can be generated by the following sets of elements:
 - a) (5 pt) $\{(1\ 2), (1\ 2 \cdots n)\}$.
 - b) (5 pt) $\{(1\ 2), (1\ 3), \dots, (1\ n)\}$.
 - c) (5 pt) $\{(1\ 2), (2\ 3), \dots, (n-1\ n)\}$.
4. (5 pt) Let D_n be the dihedral group on the n -gon. Compute $Z(D_n)$ and find all normal subgroups of D_n .
5. For this problem we consider the alternating and symmetric groups.
 - a) (5 pt) Show that A_n is the unique subgroup of S_n of index 2.
 - b) (5 pt) Show that the only nontrivial normal subgroup of S_n ($n \neq 4$) is A_n .
6. (5 pt) Prove that neither S_n nor Q_8 can be decomposed into a direct product of proper subgroups.