MATH 721 SPRING 2011 HOMEWORK 3

Due Wednesday February 16, 2010.

- 1. (15 pt) Show that the following conditions on an R-module I are equivalent.
 - a) I is injective.
 - b) Every short exact sequence of the form

 $0 \longrightarrow I \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow 0$

is split exact.

- c) I is a direct summand of any module of which it is a submodule.
- 2. (10 pt) Show that the sequence of R-module homomorphisms

$$A \xrightarrow{f} B \xrightarrow{g} C \longrightarrow 0$$

is exact if and only if for every R-module D, the sequence of R-module homomorphisms

$$0 \longrightarrow \operatorname{Hom}_{R}(C, D) \xrightarrow{\overline{g}} \operatorname{Hom}_{R}(B, D) \xrightarrow{f} \operatorname{Hom}_{R}(A, D)$$

3. Let A be an abelian group, show that we have the following isomorphisms of abelian groups.

- a) (5 pt) $\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbb{Z}}(\mathbb{Z}_m, A) \cong A[m]$ where $A[m] = \{a \in A | ma = 0\}.$
- b) (5 pt) $\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbb{Z}}(\mathbb{Z}_m, \mathbb{Z}_n) \cong \mathbb{Z}_d$, where $d = \operatorname{gcd}(m, n)$.

4. (5 pt) Let $\{J_i\}_{i \in I}$ be a family of R-modules. Show that $\prod_{i \in I} J_i$ is injective if and only if J_i is injective for all $i \in I$.