

**MATH 724**  
**FALL 2005**  
**HOMEWORK 2**

*Due Monday September 19, 2005.*

1. A ring is called *Von Neumann regular* if for every  $x \in R$  there is a  $y \in R$  such that  $xyx = x$ . Let  $R$  be a (commutative) Von Neumann regular ring.
  - a) (5 pt) Show that if  $R$  is an integral domain, then  $R$  is a field.
  - b) (5 pt) Show that any direct product of fields is Von Neumann regular.
  - c) (5 pt) Show that if  $\mathfrak{P}$  is a prime ideal in  $R$  then  $R_{\mathfrak{P}} \cong R/\mathfrak{P}$ .
  
2. A ring is called Artinian if it satisfies the descending chain on prime ideals (that is given any descending chain of ideals  $I_1 \supseteq I_2 \supseteq I_3 \cdots$ , there is a natural number  $N$  such that  $I_n = I_N$  for all  $n \geq N$ ).
  - a) (5 pt) Show that any Artinian domain is a field.
  - b) (5 pt) Show that  $R$  is Artinian if and only if  $R$  is Noetherian and zero-dimensional.
  
3. Let  $R$  be an integral domain and consider the ring of formal power series  $R[[x]]$ .
  - a) (5 pt) Show that  $U(R[[x]]) = \{f(x) \in R[[x]] \mid f(0) \in U(R)\}$ .
  - b) (5 pt) Show that there is a one-to-one correspondence between the maximal ideals of  $R$  and the maximal ideals of  $R[[x]]$ .
  - c) (5 pt) Show that if  $R$  is a PID, then  $R[[x]]$  is a UFD.